Literature Critique Criteria Studies of the accuracy of tests to rule in or rule out disease -tabular form

Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
Spectrum of	Study	Study	Study	Diagnostic tests
patients	population	population	population	are designed to
enrolled in the	consists of	consists of	consists of	resolve
study	patients likely	patients whose	patients who	diagnostic
_	to receive the	differential	clearly have	uncertainties; if
	test in clinical	diagnosis	the target	the positive test
	practice; the	includes other	disease based	subjects have
	differential	diseases	on available	advanced
	diagnosis	besides the	information,	disease, the
	reasonably	target disease,	and patients	sensitivity will
	includes the	but in whom	who are clearly	be biased
	target disease,	the diagnosis is	healthy and	upwards; if the
	but also	likely to be	have a very	negative test
	includes	already	low likelihood	subjects are
	diseases which	apparent based	of having the	clearly healthy,
	may present	on already	target disease	the specificity of
	similarly, from	available) ×	the test will be
	which the	information		biased upwards;
	target disease			this bias is
	needs to be			reduced when
	differentiated			consecutive
				patients who
		D		would be
				candidates for
	` >			the test are
	10			enrolled, and
				increased when a
	X			case-control
	₹			design is used
Evaluation of	The interpreter	The test results	The test results	If the test is
test results is	of the test	are interpreted	are interpreted	interpreted under
done under	results has the	with only part	under	highly artificial
circumstances	same kind of	of the	circumstances	circumstances,
which closely	information	information	which would	the study may
resemble the	that would be	which would	rarely be seen	inaccurately
circumstances	available to a	be available to	in practice	describe how the
under which	clinician using	a clinician	(interpreter	test will perform
they would be	the test in daily	using the test in	has never seen	in the real world;
evaluated in	practice (has	daily practice	the patient)	this is NOT to be
everyday	seen the			confused with
practice	patient, taken a			having the test
	history, done a			results

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	physical			interpreted
	examination,			blinded to the
	seen the routine			results of the
	laboratory			gold standard
	tests, etc)			(see below)
Description of	Sufficient	Partial	Insufficient	It is important to
the test	information	information is	information	have enough
	about the test	given about	about the	description of
	equipment and	how the test is	execution of	test protocols to
	execution is	executed	the test is given	allow results to
	provided to			be compared
	permit			between studies,
	replication of			and to decide
	the test		Ċ	whether the test
				technique being
			·,O'	studied is the
				same as the test
				being considered
				for a guideline
		À (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	recommendation;
				it is acceptable to
				have technical
				details furnished
				in a separate
				document
		2		provided that the
		,		reference section
	· •			point the reader
	10			to the source of
D C	A 110	D '''	0.1 '	the details
Reporting of results	All test results	Positive,	Only positive	The frequency
results	for all patients	negative, and indeterminate	and negative results are	with which the
	are reported, including the	results are	reported and	test does not return a definite
	number of	reported, but	used for	result is required
	positive,	the number of	calculation of	for estimation of
	negative,	uninterpretable	sensitivity and	its performance
	indeterminate,	results is not	specificity	in practice
	and	reported	specificity	in practice
	uninterpretable	Toportou		
	results			
Reference	There is a	There is a	There is no	The readily
standard (gold	recognized	recognized	gold standard	applicable gold
standard (gold	gold standard	gold standard	for the disease	standard test may
	which provides	for the disease,		be the exception
L	provides	101 the discuse,	<u> </u>	of the enception

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	a definitive test	but it is not		rather than the
	of the presence	practical to		rule; if it is an
	of the disease,	apply to all		invasive or
	and which can	patients		expensive test,
	be applied to	undergoing the		application to all
	all patients	diagnostic test		patients in a
	undergoing the	being evaluated		study may be
	diagnostic test			impractical or
	being evaluated			unethical. It is
				acceptable to
				apply the gold
				standard to those
				who test
				positive, and to
				follow up those
				who test negative
				for subsequent
				developments, when the gold
				standard test is
) '	not practical
Gold standard	All patients	Some patients	The gold	If the gold
applied to all	who had the	who had the	standard was	standard test is
patients who	test being	test being	applied in a	invasive or
underwent the	evaluated, or a	evaluated did	manner which	expensive, it
test being	random sample	not have the	is influenced	need not be
evaluated, or to	of such	gold standard	by factors	applied to those
a random	patients, also	test, but there is	which may be	with a negative
sample of	received the	no indication	associated with	result on the test
patients	test for the gold	that the	the condition	being evaluated;
	standard	performance of	being	follow-up and
A.		the gold	diagnosed	continued
		standard test		observation may
		was influenced		be substituted
		by factors		
		which may		
		predict its		
Withdrawala	Thomais	result	The notice to	It is no assessed to
Withdrawals	There is sufficient	Some	The patients who	It is necessary to
	information to	ambiguity exists		know how many
	determine		participated at the various	patients who
	whether all	concerning what happened	stages of the	received the gold standard also
	patients who	to all of the	stages of the study are not	received the test
	entered the	patients who	reported	under
	Chiefed the	patients will	reported	unuei

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	study are	entered the		consideration,
	accounted for,	study; some		and vice versa; if
	including how	patients are not		many patients
	many patients	accounted for		withdrew after
	participated in	at the end of		participating in
	each phase of	the study		only one phase
	the study (flow			of the study, it is
	diagrams with			necessary to
	numbers of			describe and
	patients at each			account for them
	stage of the			
	study are ideal)		~ ~	
Test thresholds	Clearly defined	Same criteria,	Cutoff points	This applies only
	cutoff points	but with area	are unclear, or	when the test
	are given	under ROC	area under	returns a
	which	curve of 0.7 to	ROC curve is	continuous
	distinguish the	0.8	less than 0.7	result, and the
	difference			tradeoff of
	between a		0	sensitivity and
	positive and a	~ () ×	specificity can be
	negative test			expected to be
	result; when			displayed
	multiple cutoff			graphically
	points are			
	possible, the			
	sensitivity and specificity are	2		
	reported for			
	each, and a			
	Receiver			
	Operating			
	Characteristic			
	(ROC) curve is			
	given, with			
	area under the			
	curve of 0.8 or			
	more			
Blinding of test	It is clearly	There is	Blinding of the	Large biases are
interpreters	stated that the	ambiguity	interpreters is	introduced when
1	interpreters of	about whether	not clear, or	test
	the test under	the interpreters	was not done;	interpretation is
	evaluation were	of one test were	sequence of	influence by
	not aware of	aware of the	tests cannot be	knowledge of the
	the results of	results of the	determined	results of other
	the gold	other test; it is		tests; if tests are

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	standard test,	clear whether		strictly
	and that the	the gold		numerical
	interpreters of	standard or the		readings of
	the gold	test under		instruments, this
	standard test	evaluation was		criterion is less
	were unaware	applied first		important
	of the results of			-
	the test under			
	evaluation; it is			, O
	clear which test			
	was applied			
	first			`
Inter-rater	The	The	The	Kappa may be
reliability	interpretation	interpretation	interpretation	biased if the
	of the test is	of the test is	of the test is	prevalence of the
	done by two or	done by two or	done by two or	disease in the
	more assessors	more assessors	more assessors	study population
	working	working	working	is close to zero
	independently,	independently,	independently,	or is close to
	and there is a	and there is a	and there is a	100%; this
	good	fair agreement	slight or poor	should not
	agreement between them	between them	agreement between them	happen if there is
		(Kappa is 0.4		an appropriate
	(Kappa is 0.6	to 0.6)	(Kappa is less than 0.4), or	spectrum of patients in the
	or greater)		there was no	study sample
	~ A ⁶	0	report of inter-	study sample
		,	rater reliability	
Test settings	The test has	The test has	The test has	Test
	been applied in	been applied in	been applied in	performance
	a wide variety	only a few	only one	may vary with
	of settings	settings	setting	different settings,
	(primary care,	C		and a wide
	specialty care,			variety of
	tertiary care,			settings is
	high and low			necessary for
	prevalence of			assessing its
	the disease)			usefulness in
				clinical practice
Test	Point estimates	Point estimates	Test	Sensitivity and
performance	are given for	are given for	performance is	specificity are
measures are	sensitivity and	sensitivity and	not clear from	the core
presented with	for specificity,	for specificity,	the data in the	performance
measures of	together with	with	study	measures;
uncertainty	95%	confidence		predictive values

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(e.g., 95%	confidence	intervals, but		depend on
confidence	intervals for	cutoff points		population
intervals)	both measures,	are either		characteristics
	and are	lacking or are		and are
	presented for	unclear		optionally
	two or more			reported
	well-described			
	cutoff points			(-
Likelihood	LR+ is 10 or	LR+ is between	LR+ is less	Likelihood ratios
ratios (LR+)	greater	5 and 10	than 5	are measures of
for a positive				how much more
test (true				probable a
positive				positive test is in
rate/false			Ċ	a person with a
positive rate)				disease than in a
are likely to			·. O	person without
produce useful			·X	the disease, and
shifts in the				are a useful
estimate of the			.~0	summary
probability of				measure of the
the presence of			9	impact of the test
the disease,				result on the
with the				odds that a
potential to				patient has the
alter clinical				disease. LR+ 10
decisions	4			or greater can
	^	0		alter clinical
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			decisions; LR+
				between 5 and
	10			10 may provide
				useful additional
				information
Likelihood	LR- is less than	LR- is between	LR- is greater	As with LR for
ratios (LR-) for	0.1	0.1 and 0.2	than 0.2	positive tests, a
a negative test				low LR- can
(false negative				alter clinical
rate/true				decisions
negative rate)				regarding
are likely to				whether to
produce useful				consider a
shifts in the				diagnosis
estimate of the				improbable
probability of				enough to look
the presence of				to other
the disease				diagnoses of the
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Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
				clinical
				condition LR-
				less than 0.1 can
				alter clinical
				decisions; LR-
				between 0.1 and
				0.2 may provide
				useful additional
				information
Diagnostic	DOR of greater	DOR less than	DOR less than	DOR, unlike
odds ratio	than 20,	20	20	positive and
(DOR) can be	preferably even			negative
calculated from	greater			predictive value,
(LR+/LR-) the	8		Ċ	is relatively
likelihood				independent of
ratios positive			. 0	prevalence of the
and negative			·X	disease; it is
				sensitive to the
			. ~ 0	spectrum of
		. (patients enrolled
				in the study.
				CAUTION:
				DOR gives equal
				weight to false
				positive and false
				negative results;
				the clinical
				consequences
	7)			may be very
				different!
Characteristics	Test	There is some	Information	Test
of test	interpreters are	information	about the test	interpretation
interpreters	well	about the test	interpreters is	may involve
	characterized in	interpreters, but	vague or	subjective
	terms of	they are not	missing	judgment, and a
	specialty	fully described		learning curve
	training,	in their		may be involved
	experience, and	expertise and		in reading or
	expertise with	training		executing the test
	executing and			
7 7 7	reading the test		-	3.5
Benefits of	Test results	Test results	Test results	More than one
receiving the	clearly change	successfully	make no	type of study
test	patient	diagnose the	difference in	may be required
	management in	target disease,	management or	to make this

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	ways that lead	but there is	outcome	determination; a
	to fewer	equivocal		randomized
	complications,	benefit from		clinical trial is
	faster recovery,	the changes in		the most robust
	and better final	management		design to
	outcomes, due	that result from		compare
	to the making	making the		outcomes of
	of diagnoses	diagnosis		patients who do
	with different			and do not have
	treatment			the test
	strategies			
Incremental	The test is	The test has	The test adds	Clinical
value of test	clearly shown	better	nothing to what	investigations
	to have an	diagnostic	is already	are expected to
	advantage over	performance	available for	result in useful
	simpler or	than simpler or	diagnostic	changes in
	cheaper tests,	cheaper tests,	investigations	management, not
	in having	but there is no		simply additional
	higher	evidence that		information
	likelihood	doing it leads		
	ratios, or in	to better		
	leading to	outcomes		
	better outcomes	20		
	for patients			
	who get the test			
Purpose of test	There is a clear	The setting and	The setting and	Sensitivity is
	description of	purpose are not	purpose are not	crucial for
	the setting in	stated, but may	apparent	screening tests
	which the test	be inferred by		but not for
	is to be used,	the reader		confirmatory
	and the			tests; specificity
A.	purposes to			is crucial for
	which it is			confirmatory but
	intended			not for screening
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				tests

Reference for likelihood ratios and diagnostic odds ratios:

Fischer JE, Bachmann LM, Jaeschke R. A readers' guide to the interpretation of diagnostic test properties: clinical example of sepsis. Intensive Care Med 2003;29:1043-1051