

Division of Workers' Compensation 633 17th Street, Suite 400 Denver, CO 80202-3660

Literature Critique Criteria Tabular form for Randomized Clinical Trials

Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
Randomization	Method of	Randomization	Not	"Not
	generation of an	is claimed, but	randomized	randomized"
	unpredictable	method is not		includes
	randomization	clearly		allocation by
	sequence clearly	5		chart number,
	described (e.g.,			date of birth, or
	random number			other method
	table, computer			which does not
	random number			use an allocation
	generator),			list which is
	including details			prepared by a
	of any			random process
	restrictions			generated by the
	(e.g., blocking,			investigators;
	stratification)			however,
				minimization
				may be an
				acceptable
				alternative
				method of
				participant
		*		allocation
Concealment of	Method of	Concealment	Not concealed	Concealment
allocation	concealment of	method is not		methods may
	allocation list is	clearly		include
	adequately	described		sequentially
	described			numbered
				opaque
				envelopes,
				allocation
				sequence kept in
				a central
				telephone
				location, etc.
Participant	Clear	Recruitment or	Recruitment	Recruitment and
recruitment and	designation of	eligibility	and eligibility	eligibility criteria
eligibility	how participants	criteria vague	criteria	are applied
	were recruited	or sketchy	missing	before
	(referral by			randomization;
	primary care			hence, they do
	physician, self-			not affect the



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
	referral,			internal validity
	advertisement)			of the study, but
	and what was			may limit its
	required for trial			external validity;
	entry (clinical			clear eligibility
	diagnosis,			criteria are
	comorbid			needed for the
	conditions, age,			reader to decide
	etc.)			if the results are
				applicable to a
				particular patient
				population
Blinding of	Patients and	Patients or	Lack of	Some
patients and	caregivers are	caregivers are	blinding	interventions do
caregivers	not aware of	likely to be		not allow for
	their treatment	aware of their		blinding of
	group until the	treatment		patients or
	end of the study	group before		providers of
		the study ends		care, and some
				degree of bias
				may be unavoidable
Dlinding of	Researchers	Dlinding of	Lack of	
Blinding of assessors of	who are	Blinding of assessors is	blinding of	Blinding of outcome
outcome and of	measuring or	possible, but	either	assessors and
data analysts	assessing the	not clearly	assessors or	data analysts is
uata anarysts	outcome are	described	analysts	feasible in many
	unaware of the	deserroed	anarysts	circumstances
	treatment group			which do not
	of the patient			permit blinding
	being assessed,			of patients and
	and those who			caregivers
	analyze the			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	statistical results			
	are also			
	unaware			
Description of	Both study and	Some aspects	Interventions	Judgment about
interventions	control	of the	are vaguely	the adequacy of
	interventions are	interventions	described, and	the description
	described in	are clear, but	the reader	of the
	sufficient detail	reasonable	cannot make	interventions
	to enable the	inferences may	reasonable	may require
	reproduction of	be made, as	inferences	experience with
	the intervention	when the	about what	the treatment



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
	in both arms of	interventions	interventions	modalities; e.g.,
	the study; time	are well	were provided	for acupuncture,
	frame, intensity,	standardized in	1	the needle types,
	frequency, and	general clinical		depths of
	quantity of each	practice		insertion,
	intervention are	1		location, etc.; for
	reported			physical therapy,
	1			the techniques
				and
				combinations of
				treatments
Information	Expertise,	The job titles	No	For non-
about care and	background,	of the	information is	pharmacologic
intervention	experience, and	providers are	given about	interventions
providers	specific training	mentioned, but	who actually	such as surgery
	are described	information	delivered the	or
	(such variables	about their	interventions	physiotherapy, it
	as the learning	training and	being	is useful to be
	curve involved	experience is	evaluated in	told about the
	in specialized	lacking	the study	degree to which
	surgical			the care is done
	procedures,			by people with
	supervision of			specific skills
	providers by			and training
	providers, when			which can
	appropriate)			influence the
				effectiveness of
				the interventions
Information	Descriptions are	Some	Information is	Interventions
about modes of	given as to	information is	too sparse to	such as exercise
delivery of	where the	provided	enable the	which is done at
interventions,	interventions are	concerning the	reader to	home may have
especially when	done (home, in	ways in which	know how to	different effects
these	a physiotherapy	the	replicate the	from exercise
interventions	clinic,	intervention	intervention,	done under
are non-	individually or	was delivered,	either for	supervision;
pharmacological	in a group	but some of the	patient care or	standardized
	class), whether	information is	for planning	programs are not
	instructions are	missing	additional	the same as those
	given in writing		research on	which are
	or face-to-face,		the	personalized or
	whether the		intervention	adapted to the
	intervention is			circumstances of
	planned to be			the individual



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
	tailored to the			patient
	individual			
	patient or			
	standardized			
Participant	A flow diagram,	Some	Insufficient	Especially
follow-up	accompanied by	description of	information to	important when
	description in	numbers of	determine the	there is
	the text of the	patients at each	flow of	significant
	study, shows	stage of the	patients	attrition during
	how many	study, but	through the	the study, when
	patients were	lacking a flow	stages of the	there are
	recruited, were	diagram, or	study	crossovers from
	eligible, and	requiring effort		treatment groups
	enrolled in the	on the part of		initially
	study; after	the reader to		assigned, or
	randomization,	determine the		when patients
	there is clear	flow of		are excluded
	accounting for	patients		from the analysis
	each group's	through the		for reasons that
	attrition, the	stages of the		are not apparent
	numbers of	study, with		to the reader
	crossovers, the	reasons for		
	number	attrition or		
	completing the	exclusion not		
	study, the	described even		
	number	though		
	analyzed for	numbers are		
	each outcome,	reported		
	and reasons for			
	attrition and			
	exclusion from			
	analysis			
Length of	Outcomes	One short term	Short term	
follow-up	reported for	and one long	outcome only	
	more than one	term outcome		
	short-term	reported		
	measurement			
	(once during			
	and once at the			
	end of the			
	intervention			
	period) and			
	more than one			
	long term			



(\ s i	measurement (e.g., several weeks and again several months after the intervention			
Baseline 7 comparison c t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	period Tabular form clearly allows the reader to see the important variables at entry for each treatment group for potential known confounders (age, sex, symptom severity, symptom duration, number of previous interventions,	Partial description of baseline data, lacking tabular form, with some important variables not reported	Lack of description of baseline variables	Usually in Table I; p values are optional (since by definition all imbalances arose by chance), but it is useful if large chance imbalances are marked with an asterisk or other designation
Primary 0 outcome 0 i i t e s 1 s c c s 1 s c c c c c c c c c c c c	etc.) Clear designation of which outcome is regarded as the primary endpoint of the study, and at least one secondary outcome; there should be at least one symptom outcome and one functional outcome reported Intention to treat	Outcomes are reported for symptoms and for function, but it is not clear which was the primary outcome	Symptom outcomes are reported, but functional outcomes are not reported	It may be acceptable if a symptom (e.g., numerical pain score) is designated as primary, but a functional outcome is important as well



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
results	(patients	analysis, with	only are	is expected to
	analyzed in their	low attrition	analyzed	yield a
	original			conservative
	assigned			estimate of
	treatment			treatment effect,
	groups) is done			but preserves the
	for primary and			randomization of
	secondary			the original
	outcomes, with			allocation, and
	"as treated"			may give a more
	outcomes			accurate estimate
	reported when			of the
	significant			effectiveness of
	crossovers have			treatment in the
	occurred;			real world
	sensitivity			
	analysis is			
	provided for			
	"best case" and			
	"worst case"			
	scenarios for			
	patients with			
	missing data			
Rating scales	The rating scale	A description	The scale has	Unpublished
for primary and	used to measure	of the rating	not been	outcome scales
secondary	and assess	scale has been	published and	are likely to be
outcomes	outcomes has	published, but	appears to	biased and to
	been previously	measures of	have been	yield an inflated
	published and	reliability and	developed by	estimate of the
	has been tested	validity are	the authors of	effectiveness of
	in the	lacking	the study for	an intervention
	population of	_	application to	with respect to a
	interest, with		the patients	clinical outcome
	measures of		enrolled in the	of importance
	reliability		study	Ĩ
	(reproducibility)			
	and validity			
	(scores on the			
	scale shown to			
	be correlated			
	with criteria			
	known to be of			
	clinical			
	importance, and			



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
	the studies showing validity and reliability are in the reference section			
Group comparisons between groups and not only within groups	Outcomes should be compared between groups in terms of between-group differences so that effect sizes with confidence intervals can be estimated	Between group comparisons are reported but confidence intervals for the differences are lacking	Only within- group effects are reported and these are used to support conclusions that there are differences between groups, or the authors report only p values for group comparisons	Between group differences cannot be inferred from within group effects alone, and these provide insufficient information to estimate how much one intervention differs from another
Adverse effects	Numbers of adverse events reported for all randomized participants both arms of the study, with separate data for each type of adverse event; participant withdrawals due to harms are reported for each arm; both absolute and relative risks of harm are compared for each arm; active and passive surveillance of harms are	Adverse events are reported, but presented as the total numbers of all events without separate data for each type of event; efforts at active surveillance not reported as such; when laboratory values are reported, only means or medians are reported	Generic statements such as "generally well tolerated" are used without numerical data, or adverse events are not reported	



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
	reported; for adverse effects having laboratory values, means, standard deviations, and extreme values are reported			
Attrition	Follow-up is close to complete (90% or more in each treatment arm) at the end of the study period	Follow-up is high (80-90%) at the end of the study period	Follow-up is less than 80% at the end of the study period	Attrition should be approximately equal in each treatment arm; differential attrition requires explanation supported by reliable data
Co- interventions (performance bias)	All interventions, including those in addition to the study intervention, are clearly reported and are the same in both groups	Co- interventions may have been equal, but this is not clearly stated	Co- interventions are likely to have been different in the treatment arms	Blinding of caregivers is expected to protect against performance bias
Presentation of outcome data	All outcomes which have numerical distributions are presented with actual numbers in tabular form, or in the text of the article, with means and standard deviations	Some outcomes presented with actual numbers in tables or the text, and some outcomes are presented with figures or graphs only, but the graphs are given with error bars which may allow the reader to infer the standard	All outcomes are presented in graphs and figures, without numerical tabulation, or with p values as the only numerical data, or graphs are given without error bars	It is not possible to extract numerical data by visual inspection of graphs and figures; actual numbers are needed; graphs are a supplement to, not a substitute for, numerical data. Error bars may allow the reader to infer the standard



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
		deviations		deviations, but
				this places an
				additional
				burden on the
				reader
Sample size and	Sample size for	Effect measure	Sample size is	Success in
precision of	the study is	is reported	not discussed,	recruiting and
results	explained, with	with	and power	retaining desired
iesuits	the effect size of	appropriate	cannot be	sample size may
	interest, the type	confidence	calculated	depend on
		intervals;	from the	circumstances
	I and type II error, and			
		power is not	reported results	beyond the control of the
	anticipation of	reported, but can be	results	
	attrition; effect			researchers; this
	size is given	calculated from the		is more
	with estimate of			important for
	statistical	reported results		"negative"
	uncertainty			studies whose
	(e.g., 95%			interpretation
	confidence			requires knowing
	intervals)			whether they
				were adequately
				powered to
				detect a
		D	6	treatment effect
Dose-response	When different	Dose-response	Dose-	Small numbers
relationships	doses of a drug	relationships	response	may preclude
	are	are reported for	relationships	reporting precise
	administered,	therapeutic	are not	dose-response
	there is data	responses but	reported	relationships, but
	showing the	not for adverse		when there are
	response rates	effects		sufficient
	for each dose			numbers of
	level of the			participants at
Y	drug, with			each dose level,
	adverse and			this is essential
	therapeutic			information
	responses			
	reported for			
	each dose			
Dose titration	Details of dose	Some dosing	Dosing and	Flexible and
and rescue	titration	information is	rescue	fixed dose
medication	(starting dose,	given, but	medication	studies may
	rate of increase,	titration and	not explained	show different



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
	maximum	rescue	or poorly	dose-response
	dose), fixed vs.	medications	defined	relationships,
	flexible dosing,	not clearly		depending on
	rescue	specified		whether the
	medications are	•		highest dose is a
	reported			consequence of
	1			the
				randomization or
				a consequence of
				patient response
				to the starting
				dose
For studies with	Tapering over at	Tapering over	No tapering	The period of
enriched	least one week	less than one	The tup times	time required for
enrolment and		week		tapering of a
randomized				drug which has
withdrawal				been fully
designs, the				titrated during
drug taper at the				the pre-
beginning of the				randomization
double-blind is				phase of the trial
slow enough to				may depend on
prevent loss of				the specifics of
blinding				the drug being
through				studied, but one
inadvertent				week is a
production of				minimum
withdrawal				acceptable taper
symptoms				acceptable taper
Sponsorship and	Source of	Funding source	Sponsor not	Major journals
funding	funding is	identified, but	identified, no	routinely require
	identified, and	unclear	declaration	declarations for
	competing	declaration	concerning	conflicts of
	interests (stock	concerning	competing	interest;
	ownership,	competing	interests; the	however, current
	royalties, etc.)	interests; the	authors do not	disclosure
	of authors are	authors have	have control	practices are
	declared, when	control of all	of all the	likely to be less
	present; the	the study data	study data,	than completely
	authors have	-	but some of	transparent
	control of all the		the data is	-
	study data		controlled by	
			another party	
Selective	There is an	The protocol is	The protocol	Clinicaltrials.gov



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
outcome	identifier of the	available, but	is not	is a useful
reporting	trial protocol at	there appear to	available, or	database for the
(protocol	clinicaltrials.gov	be changes in	the study	identification of
availability)	or other public	the outcome	appears to	primary and
availa0111ty)	database, and	reporting	suggest that	secondary
	the primary and	which are not	some of the	outcomes, but
	secondary	identified at	outcome	the method of
	outcomes	the public	reporting was	data analysis is
	reported in the	database;	data-driven,	often not
	study are done	however, the	which creates	included in the
	in the way that	published	a risk of bias	protocol
	•	-		protocol
	was specified in	report does not	arising from selective	
	the protocol	appear to consist of data-		
			outcome	
Baseline	For all treatment	driven analyses Baseline levels	reporting Baseline	If there is an
			levels unclear	
symptoms	groups, baseline levels were	likely to be too low to enable		insufficient level
			or not	of pain or
	sufficiently high	the trial to	reported	disability at the
	to enable the	demonstrate a		beginning of the
	trial to measure	difference		study, it may not
	a difference	between pre-		be possible to
	between pre-	treatment and		measure a 30%
	treatment and	post-treatment		or 50%
	post-treatment	levels		difference
	levels			between pre-
				treatment and
				post-treatment
				levels of the
				symptom
Credibility of	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Occasionally, a
reported effect	differences	differences are	differences	paper may
sizes	between groups	outside the	are too large	inadvertently
	are within the	generally	to be credible	report a standard
7	bounds of	expected range	considering	error as if it were
	credibility,	of what is	what is known	a standard
	when	usually	about the	deviation,
	considered in	reported for	usual clinical	creating an
	the context of	similar	course of the	impression that
	usually reported	interventions	condition and	the two
	effect sizes	(for example,	what is	treatment groups
		there is nearly	reported by all	are separated by
		complete	other studies	several standard
		success in the	of similar	deviations when



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
		experimental	interventions	other studies
		group and	for similar	report that
		nearly	conditions;	treatment groups
		complete	for example,	differ by one
		failure in the	the p value for	standard
		control group	the effect size	deviation or less;
		for a condition	is so large as	if a p value can
		which tends to	to be for all	be calculated and
		improve over	practical	is found to be
		the course of	purposes	astronomically
		time and where	impossible	low, the results
		most studies	-	are so highly
		show more		suspect as to be
		modest		considered
		treatment		invalid
		effects		
Crossover trials	Authors report	Treatment	Treatment	Crossover trials
	the duration of	effects are	effects are	may be affected
	each treatment	reported, but	reported, but	not only by the
	period, the	the authors	there is no	effects of the
	duration of the	omit mention	description of	study treatments,
	washout period,	of either the	carryover or	but also by the
	and report on	period effect or	period effects	order in which
	treatment	the carryover		treatments are
	effects, period	effect, and the		given (period
	effects, and	half-life of the		effects) and by
	carryover	intervention is		persistence of
	effects (if	not		the first
	observed). The	documented		treatment during
	half-life of the			the second
	intervention			treatment
	should be			administration.
	mentioned and			If a carryover
	documented so			effect is
	that washout			reported, the
	periods can be			direction of bias
	justified.			is likely to
				underestimate
				the treatment
				effect of the
				experimental
				intervention. The intervention
				should not entail



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
				training or
				learning because
				an effective
				treatment should
				not have a short
				half-life and a
				crossover design
				is not suitable
				for such
				interventions
For	The ratio of	The ratio of	The ratio of	Although
nonrandomized	successful	successful	successful	residual
cohort studies	outcomes in the	outcomes in	outcomes in	confounding
with accurate	treated and	the treated and	the treated	from
measurement of	control groups	control groups	and control	unmeasured
treatment and	is greater than 5	is greater than	groups is less	confounders may
outcome, and		2	than 2	introduce bias
adjustment for				into the
measured				treatment effect,
confounders, a				the magnitude of
large treatment				this bias is
effect is				generally
observed				bounded, rarely
				exceeding 5
For	Several different	Several	Dose-	Dose-response
nonrandomized	levels of dose	different levels	response	gradients are
cohort studies,	are reported,	of dose are	gradients are	accepted as one
there is a clear	with a clear	reported, with	unreported, or	element of a
dose-response	trend in the	a plausible but	there is no	causal
gradient,	response rate	equivocal	relationship	relationship in
especially if		dose-response	between	observational
there is a rapid		gradient	different	epidemiology
response to			doses and	
treatment	/		different	
Esa	Detients 1	Detiente ' (1	responses	The dime (C
For	Patients in the	Patients in the	Plausible	The direction of
nonrandomized	treatment group	treatment	confounders	expected
studies,	are clearly sicker than	group have	either clearly favor the	confounding is
adjustment for		some	treatment	always an
plausible confounders are	patients in the control group,	prognostic indicators		important consideration in
expected to	but still fare	which are	group, or tend to favor the	the interpretation
increase	better in the	worse than the	treatment	of observational
confidence in	outcomes of			studies
	outcomes of	control group,	group	suules



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
the treatment	treatment	and others may		
effect		be better than		
		the control		
		group	D' '1 (T
Medical and	Principles of action of the	Principles of action of the	Principles of action are not	It is sufficient if the reference list
biological plausibility and	intervention are	intervention	clear,	includes articles
coherency	clearly	may be	preclinical	which present
concrency	mentioned and	consistent with	studies from	the biomedical
	are consistent	general	animal studies	principles and
	with the	biomedical	have not been	cite preclinical
	pathophysiology	principles, but	done, or	studies
	of the condition,	the proposed	action of the	
	preclinical data	biological	intervention is	
	from in vitro,	action of the	not consistent	
	cadaver, or	intervention is	with general	
	animal studies,	not discussed	biomedical	
	and principles		knowledge	
	of			
	pharmacology, biomechanics,			
	etc.			
Adherence to	The authors	Numbers of	Adherence	Adherence is an
treatment	report the	patients	data are not	important part of
	numbers of	allocated to	provided for	treatment
	patients	intervention is	either	effectiveness,
	allocated to an	reported, and	treatment	and has a direct
	intervention,	adherence to	group	bearing on
	and also report	treatment is		whether it is
	the numbers of	reported for the		likely to be
	patients who	study as a		acceptable in a
	adhered to the	whole, but not		real world
	allocated treatment for	for each		setting. If
	each group at	followup period		adherence is low, this can provide
	each followup	penou		useful evidence
	period			against making a
	Period			recommendation
				for its use. When
				an intervention
				requires a high
				degree of patient
				participation,
				data on



Criterion	Green	Yellow	Red	Comments
				adherence are
				necessary for
				interpretation of
				the study.

15